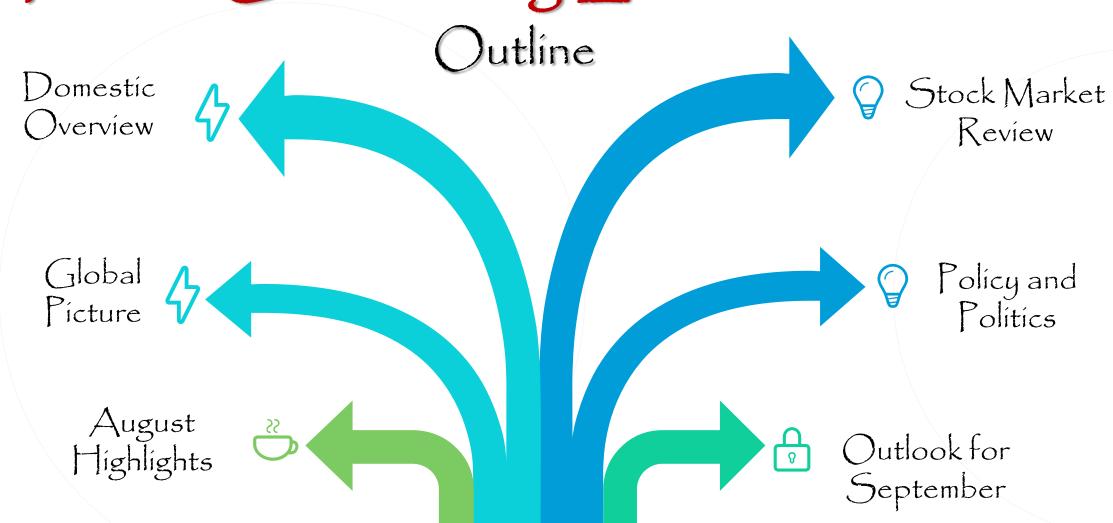


Presented by Bismarck Rewane CEO, Financial Derivatives Company Ltd. September 5th, 2018



ls Politics Cannibalizing Economics?



External Imbalances

+ Political
Squabbling

Slow Growth
&
Market Correction





- Hottest day in Europe in 2018 was August 4th (48°C Portugal)
- August break lives up to expectations
- Average temperature of 27°C and humidity of 85% in Lagos
- Highest rainfall in Lokoja and Katsina since 2012
- Lagos ranks as world's 3rd worst city to live in Economist Intelligence Unit (EIU)
- 138 out of 140 cities ranked based on security, crime and health care, etc.



- Q2 growth slumps to 1.50% from 1.95% in the preceding quarter
 - Driven by negative growth in petroleum (-3.95%) and sharp fall in agriculture (1.19%)
- Annual GDP growth rate for 2018 now revised downwards to approx.

 1.90%
- Average on-grid power increased marginally to 3,660 MW, up 1.13% from July
- Country-wide, average price of diesel was N204.32 per liter and PMS was N146.8 per liter



- Shows that manufacturers are stocking up for expected Christmas sales surge
- PMI spikes by 12% to 54.8
 - Increased inventory build up towards Christmas sales and political hedging
- Oil production increased marginally by 4.38 % to 1.67mbpd
- Bonny light traded at an average of \$72pb in August ending at \$78pb

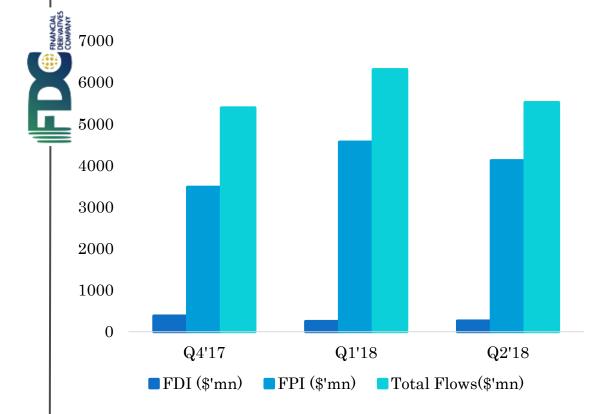


- Q2 average price was \$74.2pb
- Oil revenue for the quarter is estimated to be lower than \$9.4bn in Q1: between \$7bn-\$8bn
- A marginal rise in foreign direct investment (FDI) to \$261.35mn but a sharp drop in foreign portfolio investment (FPI)

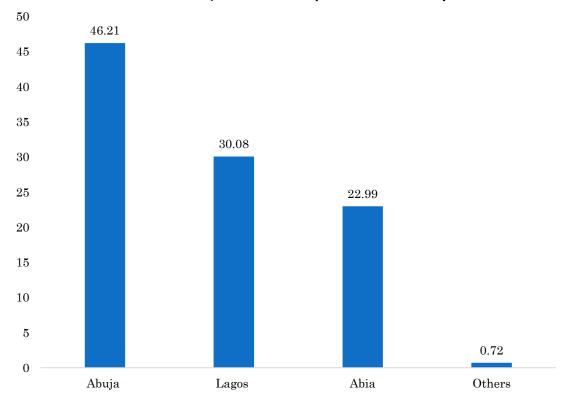




- Reversal of international portfolio flows in Q2
- Decline of 12.53% to \$5.51bn



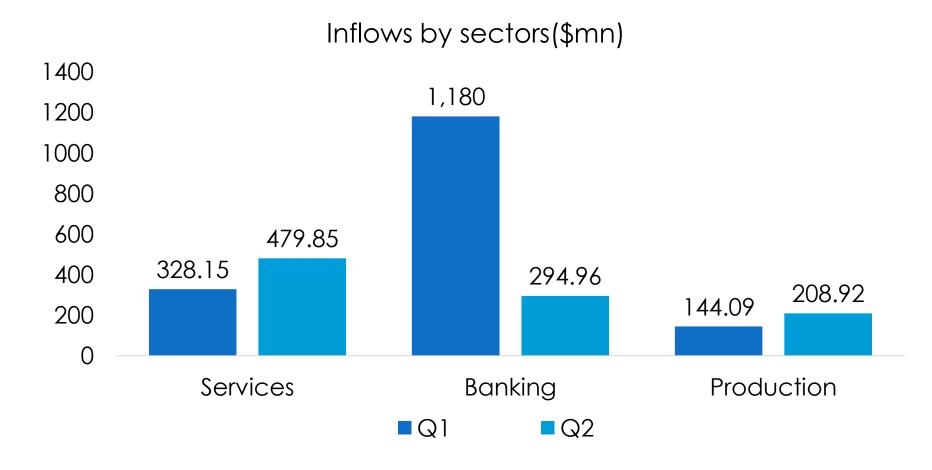
Inflows by states (% of total)



Source: NBS

• Sectors that attracted the highest flows

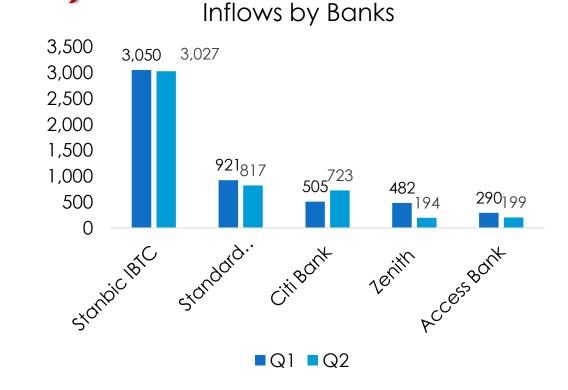




Source: NBS

Capital Importation-Top 5 banks

Name of Bank	Q1 \$'mn	Q2 \$'mn	% of total
Stanbic IBTC	3,050	3,027	55.09
Standard Chartered	921	817	14.91
Citi Bank	505	723	13.09
Zenith Bank	482	194	3.45
Access Bank	290	199	3.64



Source: NBS

- Capital importation is dominated by multinational banks 83%
- These banks have unfortunately been penalized purportedly for documentary lapses in the MTN Saga



- External reserves breaches the \$46bn resistance; now at \$45.55bn
- Total external debt has more than doubled to \$22.07bn since 2015 from \$10.32bn



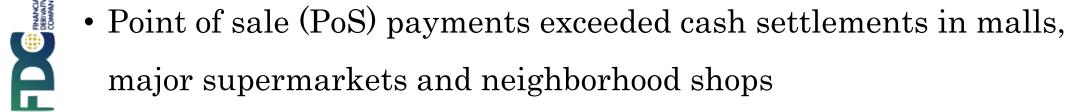
- The CBN reduced the level of dollar interventions in the market by 2.6% to \$1.5bn
- The naira was stable at N361/\$, in spite of an earlier appreciation to N359/\$
- The weighted effective exchange rate depreciated to N343/\$
- The purchasing power parity (PPP) value of the naira was N336.01/\$

- August holiday blues constrained dollar demand in the market
- The CBN hyped the yuan/ naira deal holding two more auctions of CNY132.92mn



- The value of the deal \$800mn in a year shows its relative immateriality compared to Nigeria's total exports of \$61.4bn or imports of \$43.8bn
- China is now responsible for 21% of total imports into Nigeria
- The total agreement is 27.06% of China/ Nigeria trade
- The British pound fell to an 11-month low of \$1.2860

- Supermarket traffic declined in line with liquidity tightness
- Thursday to Sunday traffic remained higher than Monday to Wednesday



- Beer market declined by 3.50%, especially lager (down 5%) and stout (down 3%)
- The rate of decline in beer consumption is slowing
- Premium and value segments are showing recovery in line with reduction of salary arrears in many states

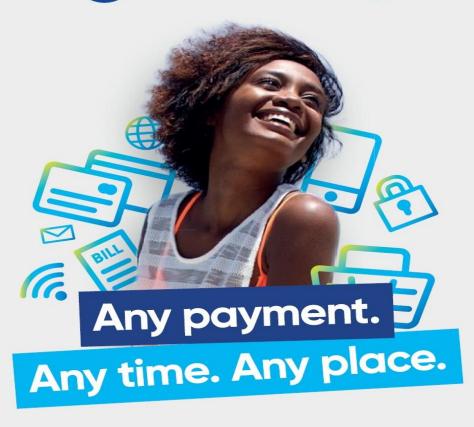


- Malt market is also declining along with beer, down by 25%
- Alcoholic spirits and distilled products market grows by approximately 15% according to proxies – mainly rum and gin
- Flour sales volume declined by approximately 20% in July
 - In partial response to a 5% price increase in wheat
 - Price elasticity of flour increases during the harvest period of sustainable commodities e.g. yam, garri etc









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MTNSAGA

King Solomon's

Justice



The MTN Saga & its Fallout

- MTN and four banks have been accused of breaching forex rules by purportedly using incomplete documentation to remit dividends
- CBN claims no final approval given for debt to equity conversion of \$410mn in 2007
- Banks were to ensure that dollars sourced locally for private placement were not remitted to the issuer
- CBN requests MTN to refund \$8bn of remitted and distributed dividends
- CBN will buy the dollars back from MTN at historical rates (e.g. N150/\$)



The MTN Saga & its Fallout

- \$8bn is approx 80% of MTN Group's market capitalization
- The Ministry of Justice has also requested \$2bn for import duties underpayment
- Timing and level of penalty is curious and disruptive to
 - company
 - industry
 - economy
 - markets
- Foreign portfolio investors are jittery and have started dumping stock
- The penalty almost killed the MTN Ghanaian IPO; only 35% successful
- Three days before the South African economy went into recession



Other Considerations?

- Cannibalization of an industry dominant player
- The only company that can and will invest upwards of \$1.5bn on telco capex annually in the next 5 years
- Nigeria needs 70,000 towers to effectively catch up with 5G technology and the digital revolution
- The payment and settlement system is dependent on a consistent level of telco industry capex
- The economy is vulnerable to capital outflows
- Many multinationals use the route of loan to subsidiary, to rights issue, to new investments in fixed assets





Global & Regional Highlights

- Turkish intransigence and Trump's belligerence sparked asset price declines across emerging markets
- Lira lost an additional 7%, rand down by 2% and yuan fell by 0.5%
 - The rout stopped after a \$15bn Qatar pledge of support
- July China activity data suggests more downside momentum
- Capital outflow pressures being compounded by policy easing
- US retail sales and Eurozone data support robust advanced economy growth







- Q2 growth revised upwards to 4.2%
- US economy remains vulnerable to the trade conflict with China
- The next round of tariffs is planned for late September
- Targeted at consumer products and likely to affect consumer spending
- Consumer spending contributes over 66% to U.S. GDP
- Unemployment at 4%, although underemployment is still on the increase
- US inflation rate held steady at 2.9% in July, slightly below the forecast of 3%



- UK inflation rose to 2.5% in July, from 2.4%
- Driven by higher fuel costs
- First increase in consumer prices since November 2017
- Wage growth slowed to 2.4% in June
- Inflation may remain sticky at current rate due to recent weakness of the pound (GBP)
 - GBP fell to a 14-month low against the dollar
- Further depreciation expected due to Brexit
- Keeping real wage growth to a minimum





External Imbalances + Political Uncertainty= Slow Growth + Market Correction

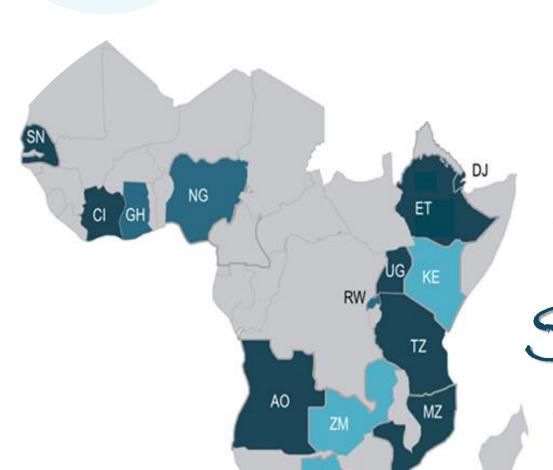


- Greece exited its third and final bail out program after eight years of economic adjustment and supervision by the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and European Union (EU)
- It received \$378bn in emergency assistance
- Qatar's central bank signed a \$3bn currency swap deal with Turkey

Impact on Nigeria & Corporates

- Capital flight coupled with political uncertainty will increase the risk premium
- External reserves depletion to continue, leading to exchange rate pressures
- A stronger dollar will push commodity prices lower
- Higher level of naira liquidity and lower interest rates in the near term
- Raising additional equity at current prices is a good strategy
- · Raising bond and commercial papers financing to pay down bank debt
- International finance will be more expensive and sparse





BW

ZA



SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA

South Africa in Recession - First time since 200927

- South Africa's economy contracted by 0.7% quarter-on-quarter in Q2'18 following a 2.6% contraction in Q1
- Agriculture, transport and trade sectors declined the most
- \bullet Agriculture, forestry and fishing industry declined 29.2% in Q2 '18
- Manufacturing sector fell 0.3% following a 6.7% decline in previous quarter
- The economy expanded by 0.4% year-on-year in Q2' 18



Angola's Proposed Bailout by the IMF

- Angola asks for bailout funds in return for structural reform to accelerate the diversification of the economy away from oil
- Angola is the second largest African crude exporter
- Oil accounts for 90% of export earnings and over 50% of government revenue
- Has been faced with foreign currency shortages and rising bad loans in banks



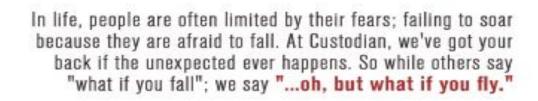
Angola's Proposed Bailout by the IMF

- An IMF package will come with stiff conditions
- There is a risk that austerity might spur resentment against the government and lead to protests
 - Bailout funds based on the government's commitment to fiscal management and transparency
- Provides an opportunity to build a stronger economy that is less vulnerable to future commodity shocks

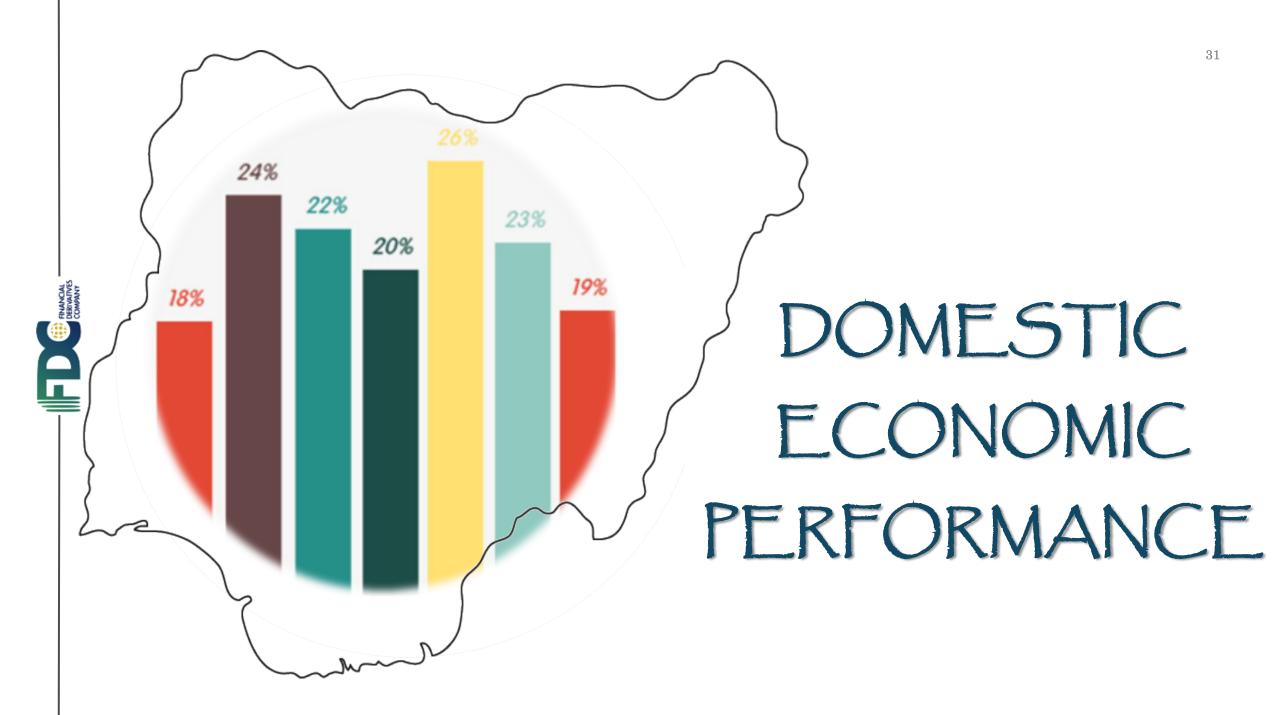




it's not about falling ...it's about helping you fly.







Economic Indicators

Leading Economic Indicator	July	August	% Change	Impact	September's Forecast*
M2 growth (%)	3.37 (June)	4.04 (July)	0.67	Mounts inflationary pressure	4.5-4.7 (August)
Average Opening Position (N'bn)	235.85	337.46	43.08	Evidence of high liquidity + lower interest rates & weaker naira	300-400
FAAC (N'bn)	821.9	714.8	-13.03	Will increase salary backlog and reduce government investment	700-720
T Bills (91 days) (%) – Primary T Bills (182 days) (%) – Primary	10.00 10.50	11.00 10.40	+1.00 -0.10	Will increase government debt service	10.00 10.2-10.4
Average NIBOR (%) (OBB, O/N)	11.15	9.14	-2.01	In tandem with increased naira liquidity	9-12
Average Lending Rate (%) (pa)	21.00	18.00	-3.00	Will boost activities in the real sector	17-18
Inflation (%)	11.23 (June)	11.14 (July)	-0.09	Likely impetus for lowering interest rates	11.15 (August)
PMI	FBN: 48.9 CBN: 56.8	FBN: 54.8 CBN: 57.1	12.06 0.53	Increased inventory build-up by manufacturers ahead of the Christmas season	55.0 57.5
Oil Price (\$pb; avg)	74.95	73.84	-1.48	Lower oil proceeds, negative for fiscal and external revenue	70-75



Economic Indicators

	Leading Economic Indicator	July	August	% Change	Impact	September Forecast*
	Oil Production (mbpd)	1.60 (Jun)	1.67 (Jul)	4.38	Will offset fall in prices	1.65-1.70 (Aug)
	Power (MW; avg)	3,619	3,660	1.13	Will boost activities in the private sector	3,600-3,800
DERIVATIVES	GDP Growth Rate (%)	1.95 (Q1'18)	1.5 (Q2'18)	-0.45	Reflective of a needed boost to the real sector – credit facilities	1.7-1.8 (Q3'18)
5	Natural Gas (\$/MMBtu; end)	2.78	2.92	5.04	 12.6% of total exports Train-7 deal to increase output & earnings in 2021 	2.85-2.90
	External Reserves (\$bn) (end)	47.12	45.84	-2.72	Victim of hot money exodus & higher US interest rates	44.50-45.00
	Exchange Rate (N/\$; month-end)	Parallel: 360 IFEM:305.90 IEFX:362.40	Parallel : 361 IFEM: 306.15 IEFX: 362.64	-0.28 0.08 -0.07	Weaker naira + political uncertainty would deter investors	Parallel: 362 IFEM: 306.50 IEFX: 363
	Stock Market Cap (N'trn)	13.41	12.72	-5.15	Correction/bear territory in sightPolitical uncertainty	12.00-12.50



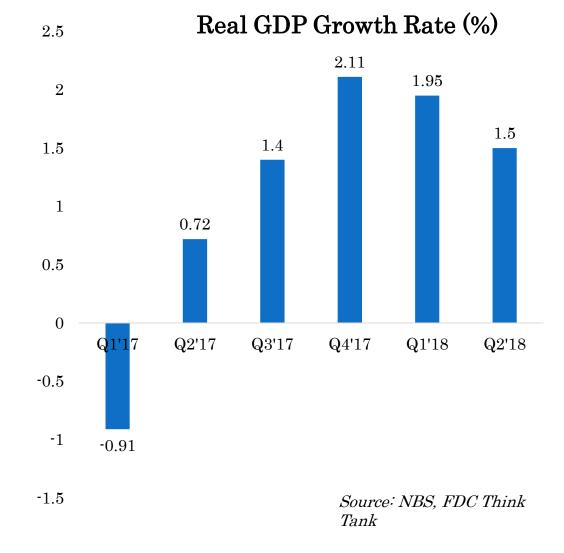
Leading Economic Indicators

- Mixed movement in leading economic indicators in August
 - Nine green, five negative, two amber
- GDP slumps to 1.5% in Q2'18
 - Full year growth of 2.1% unlikely
- Naira depreciated to N361/\$
- Inflation declines further to 11.14% in July
 - Now at a 30-month low
- External reserves below psychological resistance level of \$46bn
 - Now at \$45.55bn



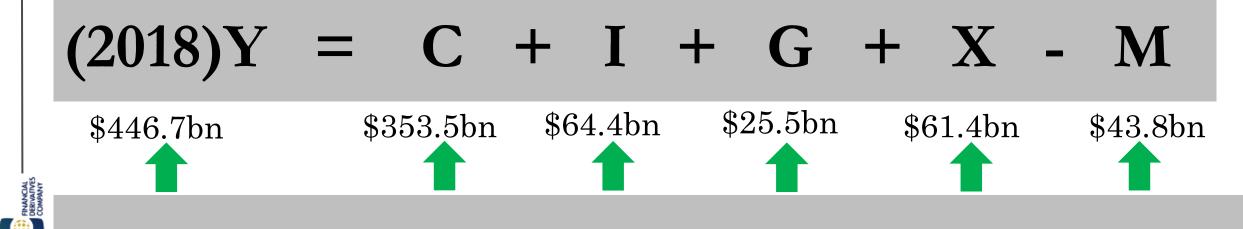
GDP

- Q2 GDP slowed sharply to 1.5% from 1.95% in Q1
 - YTD growth: 1.73%
- Driven by
 - Decline in agricultural outputherdsmen conflict
 - Decline in oil sector growth as a result of several force majeure





Drivers Of Growth



\$376.4bn

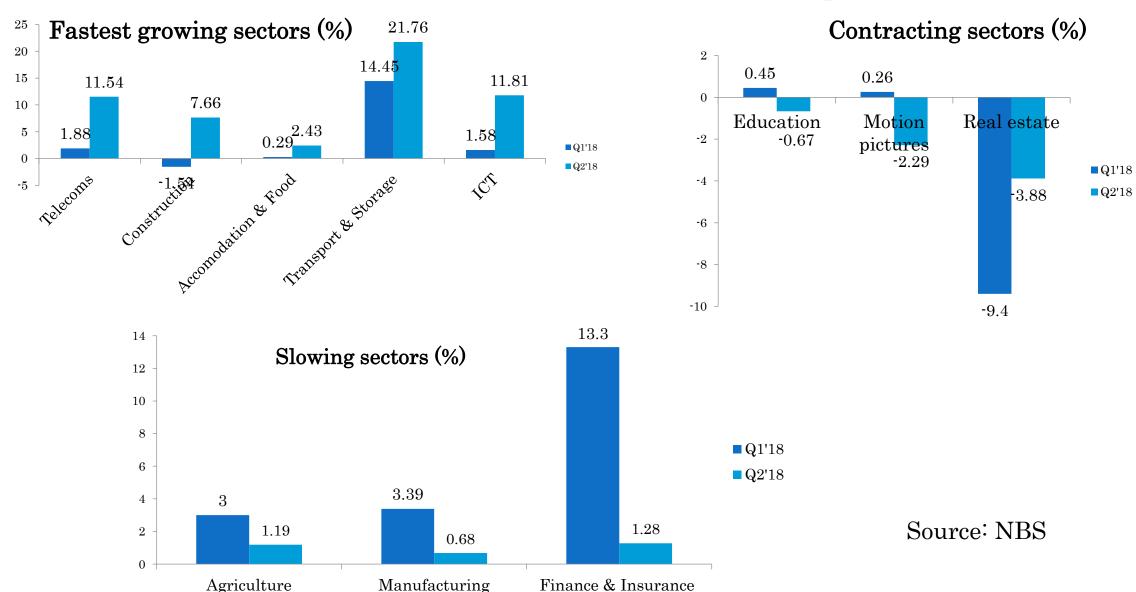
- \$311.5bn
- \$55.8bn

(2017)Y = C + I + G + X -

- \$21.9bn
- \$45.8bn
- \$32.7bn

- Consumption accounts for the largest component: 79.14%
- While a vital component, gross fixed investment, accounts for only 14.4% of GDP

GDP: Sector Breakdown - Q2'18



July Inflation

	June	July	% change
Headline Inflation (%)	11.23	11.14	0.09
Core Inflation (%)	10.4	10.2	0.2
Food Inflation (%)	12.98	12.85	0.13
Urban (%)	11.68	11.66	0.02
Rural (%)	10.83	10.83	-
Month-on-Month (%)	1.23 (15.94 annualized)	1.13 (14.44% annualized)	0.1



11.23%

• July:

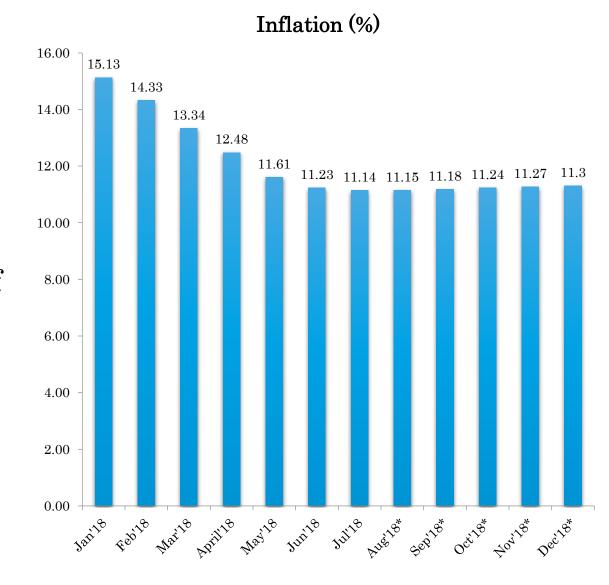
11.14%

• Rate of decline: 0.09%



Inflation Outlook-August to December

- Inflation is bottoming out
- Upside risks to inflation in the next four weeks
 - Food shortages insecurity in producing regions to dampen effect of harvest
 - Naira liquidity- election spending, budgetary spending, minimum wage review, NYSC allowance





Lending Rates

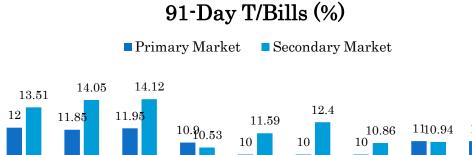
CBN Initiative	Remarks	Impact
Differentiated Cash Reserve Requirement (DCRR)	 Deposit money banks may request the release of funds from their CRR to finance projects in the real sector 	• Boost credit to the employment elastic sectors- agriculture, manufacturing
Corporate Bonds Funding Program	• Investment by the CBN and the public in CBs issued by corporates	• Eases the pressure on deposit banks



Treasury Bills Rates-Outlook

- CBN likely to increase benchmark interest rate soon on the back of increased liquidity and higher inflation in September/October
- Other nominal interest rates will move in tandem

Tenor	Primary market rates (July 31 st) (%)	Primary market rates (August 29th (%)	Secondary market rates (July 31st) (%)	Secondary market rates (August 31st) (%)
91-day	10.00	11.00	10.86	10.94
182-day	10.50	12.30	12.06	12.37
364-day	11.49	13.05	11.71	12.97



Feb'18 Mar'18 Apr' 18 May'18 Jun'18

Source: FMDQ, FDC Think Tank

Jul'18



Price Discriminating Monopoly

Purchasing Power Parity

	Sep-18		
	=N=	US\$	PPP ('=N=/US\$)
Bottle of Coke (60cl)	150	2.65	56.60
Heineken	500	2.91	171.82
Hamburger (Johnny Rockets)	3,800	4.59	827.89
Uncle Ben's rice (S. Pkt)	1,370	3.65	375.34
Toyota Corolla	21,000,000	21,980	955.41
Bottled Water (150cl)	120	1.31	91.60
Big Loaf Bread	400	2.39	167.36
Irish Spring Soap (1 cake)	250	0.86	290.70
Chicken Drumsticks (1 kilo)	1,200	4.15	289.16
Eggs (Big Size)	600	4.47	134.23
Average PPP			336.01
Naira Price at IFEM			362.00
PPP (%)			

Outcome: Compared to IFEX rate of N362/\$1, the Naira is undervalued by 7.18%

undervalued

Decision: Naira is

Spot Rate (Parallel)

• Effective weighted average depreciated by 0.87% to N343/\$

- IFEM: N306.15/\$*10%
- SME: N345/\$*40%
- IEFX: N362.11/\$*40%
- Parallel: N361/\$*10%
- PPP now N336.01/\$

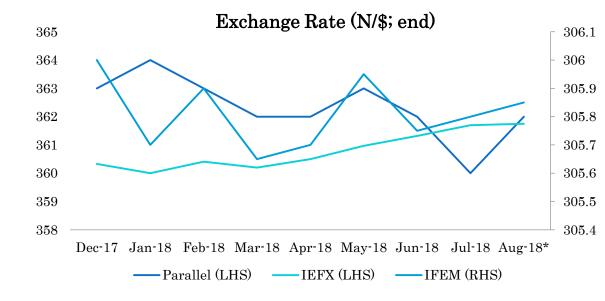
-7.18%

361

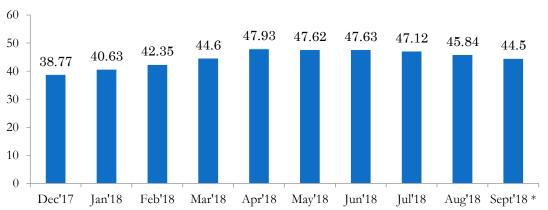
Forex Market Outlook

- Increased forex demand pressures:
 - Budgetary spending
 - Summer and hajj tourists
- Likely to push external reserves towards \$44-45bn by September-end
- Strong oil proceeds to slow the pace of depletion

Source: CBN, FDC Think Tank







Oil Market Outlook

Trade tensions between the US and China,
 Turkey and Iran have dampened global demand

May likely push prices down to \$70-\$72pb

Nigeria's oil production is projected to increase to 1.69-1.72mbpd in August barring any disruptions to production

• Increase in oil rig count to 16 is indicative of increased exploration and production activities



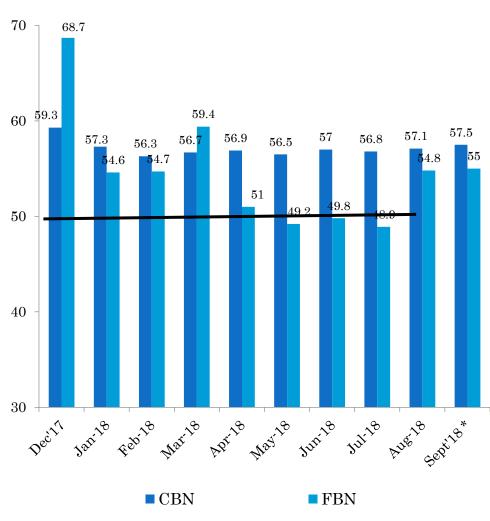
Source: OPEC, Baker Hughes





August PM up 12% to 54.8

- FBN PMI expands out of contraction region 70
 - From 48.9 points in July to 54.8 points in August
- Inventory build up ahead of the festive season
- Expected to remain above the contraction region in the remaining months of 2018



Source: CBN, FBN, FDC Think Tank





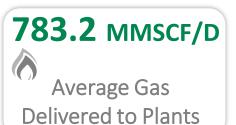


Find out more: www.lavayo.com

Average Power Output up 1.13%



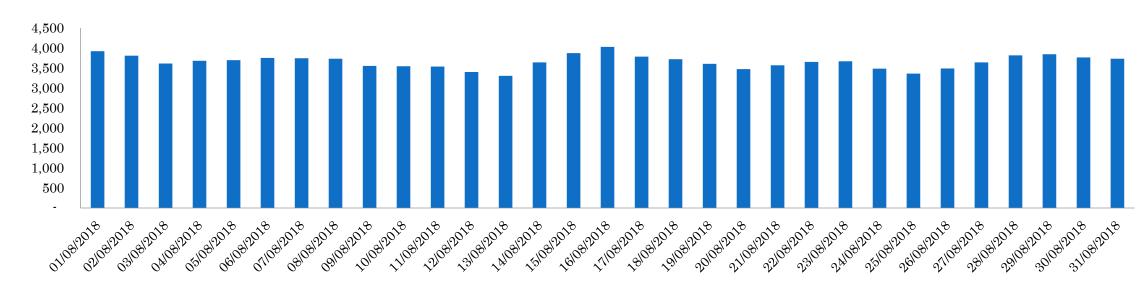












Source: Lavayo Advisors

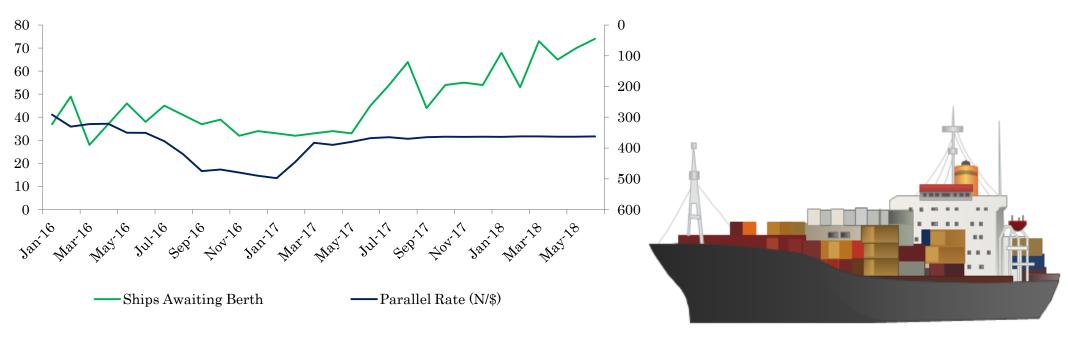
Power Sector News

- Bank loans to the power sector tops
 N726bn
- FGN has approved the TCN to manage the N72bn upgrade of transmission infrastructure
- AfDB to invest \$12bn on renewable energy development in Africa





Ships Awaiting Berth



- Lagos port: 38
- Tin-Can port (as at June 2018): 43
- · Reflective of increased trading activities and inventory build up
- Also validates the increase in PMI



Mixed movements in E-payments

- Volume of transactions in Jul'18 relative to Jun'18
 - Cheques 2.29%
 - PoS **1** 3.31%
 - NEFT 10.56%
 - NIP **1** 5.20%

- Value of transactions in Jul'18 relative to Jun'18
 - Cheques 13.99%
 - PoS 1.77%
 - NEFT **5.61**%
 - NIP 1 0.004%
- Total value of payment: N7.91trn, 31.68% of M2
- Velocity of circulation approximately 4x, i.e M2 turns over four times in one year
- Improved payment system → increased velocity of circulation → increased money supply → increased commodity prices



Impact Analysis

- Market proxies have moved in line with leading economic indicators (LEIs)
- Reflective of slowdown in activity in August



- Expected to pick up in H2, supported by increased government spending
- PMI to expand out of contraction region as the festive season draws closer



COMMODITY INFOCUS





Facts About Kolanuts

- Planting/harvesting lag: about 4 years
- Total global output: 275,000 tonnes
- General uses: ceremonies, rituals, nocturnal reading, doping and sport enhancement
- Industrial uses: pharmaceuticals, beverages, breweries
- World's top producers: Nigeria, I Ivory Coast, Cameroon
- World's top consumers: Nigeria, Ivory Coast



Facts About Kolanuts

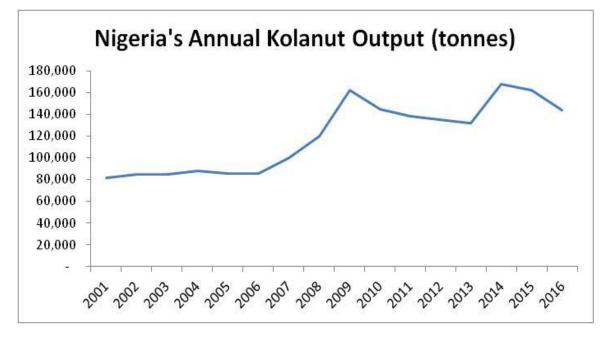
- Nigeria's output: 144,000 tonnes (52.4% of global production) (revenue <\$10m annually)
- Highest in the world



- 11.1% decline year on year
- Mainly consumed domestically
- Historically, cattle for Kola nut exchange at Sagamu (Sabo)
- Major producing states: Ogun, Osun, Oyo, Kwara

Facts About Kolanuts

- Consumed mainly in the Northern states (Kano, Kaduna, Sokoto, Katsina)
- Listed users: Nigerian Breweries, Guinness
- Non-listed users: Coca-Cola



Source: FAOSTAT, FDC Think Tank





The bears have it!!

Nigeria Stock Market in August

- Short term investors remain bearish
- H1'18 result unable to change negative sentiments
- Issuers shifting towards DCM
- Association of Securities Exchanges of Nigeria (ASEN) launched
 - To improve efficiency, liquidity and settlement & to deepen market activities
- NSE places technical suspension on Conoil.
 - Lifted it 24 hours after the company released its outstanding financial reports



Nigeria Stock Market in August

- Paintcom delisted on NSE
- Notore Chemicals listed on NSE at N62.50
- Increasing the market capitalization by N101bn (0.8% of total market cap)





Nigeria Stock Market in August and Other Markets

- Bearish sentiment persist

	NSE ASI	JSE ASI	GSE CI
YTD Gain			
(Loss)	(8.88%)	(1.85%)	7.86%

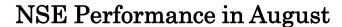


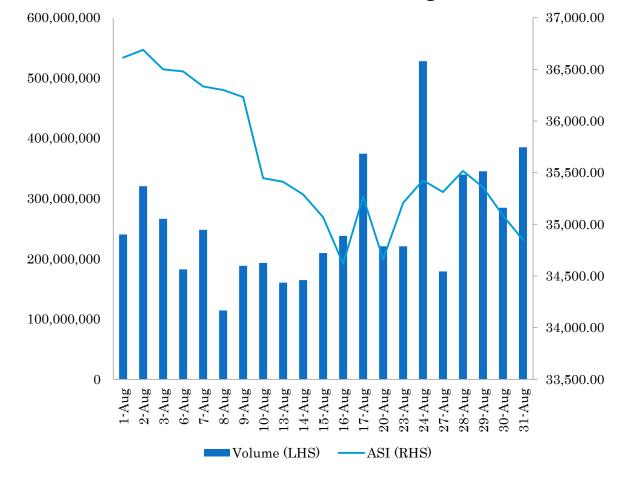
- NSE ASI **\$\rightarrow\$** 5.86% to 34,848.45 points
- YTD, net FPI outflow of N38bn
- 5 days positive, 16 days negative
- P/E ratio down by 6.64% to 9.99x

Trading Activities

- Average volume traded 16%
 to 257mn units
- Average value of transaction **4** 5.72% to N3.13bn
- Negative market breadth of 0.21x
- 82 stocks lost, 69 remained neutral and 17 gained

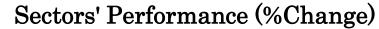


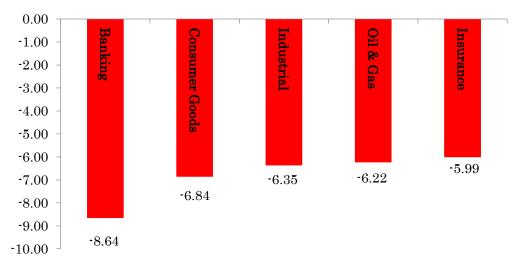




Sub Sector Indices

- Financial sector returns still negative
- Led by banking sector
 - The poor performance of the sector can be attributed to Skye Bank (-13%), Fidelity (-17%), UBA (-16%)
- Insurance index lost the least





Driven by Universal insurance (-20%),
 Continental reinsurance (-19%),
 Cornerstone insurance (-17%)



Asset Managers' Reaction

- Shift towards Money

 Market
 - Lack of confidence in long term securities

Asset Classes	Jul 2018 (N'bn)	Jun 2018 (N'bn)	Growth
Equity	163	172	-5.2%
Money Market	263	180	31.1%
FGN Bond	1,116	1,121	-0.4%
Treasury Bills	316	354	-10.7%
Mutual Fund	11	12	-8.3%
State Bond	51	52	-1.9%
Supra-National Bond	1	1	0.0%
Corporate Bonds	63	66	-4.5%
Real Estate	6	6	0.0%
Cash	15	8	87.5%



Outlook for September

- Investors' fatigue to continue
 - Driven by growing political uncertainty
 - Growing preference in Debt Capital Market (DCM) to Equity Capital Market (ECM)
 - FPI outflow expected to increase
 - Expected increase in US Fed rate to impose pressure on performance



CORPORATE EARNINGS

Nothing to cheer





Banking Industry - Performance

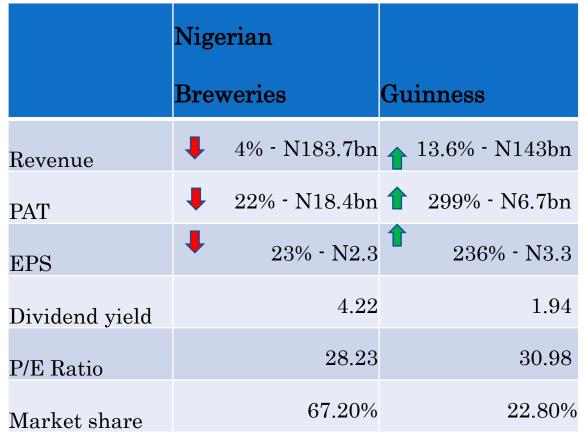
	FBN	GTB	Zenith	Sterling
Gross Earnings	1%- N293bn	6%- N227bn	J5%- N322bn	31%- N78bn
Interest Income	3%- N225bn	2%- N162bn	13%- N229bn	25%- N63bn
Profit Before Tax	9%- N39bn	8%- N110bn	16%- N107bn	47%- N7bn
Impairment	15%- N53bn	72%- N2bn	77%- N10bn	55%- N2bn
Dividend Yield	2.59%	6.96%	11.73%	1.48%
P/E Ratio	6.33x	6.31x	4.00x	3.54x



- H1'2018 profitability driven by lower impairment cost
- Increased financial disintermediation
 - CP market rose to N1.06tr in June from zero level in 2013
- Large firms raising capital through non-banking avenues
 - Completion of the sale of 9mobile to lift the performance of exposed banks.

Brewery Industry - Performance

- The largest segment of the food & beverage industry
- 2nd largest beer market in Africa
- Evolved from a duopoly to an oligopolistic market structure with a strong multinational presence
- Decline in profit margin recorded in H1'18 as new excise duty dampens consumer demand





Brewery Industry - Performance

- Guinness Nigeria revenue driven by increased sales volume for Guinness, Dubic and spirits brands
- Guinness committed to a sustainable growth by:
 - Securing stout leadership
 - Retaining leadership in flavored drinks
 - Building on momentum in malt category
 - Devoting more resources and capability to lager



Brewery Industry - Performance

- 10% excise duty, which induced a price increase of beer & malt was rolled back
- SAB did not follow the move of the price leaders
- Showing the difference between a duopoly and oligopoly
- Excise tax on the spirits is still under review
- The proposed rate of 400% increase over 3 years is excruciating
- Will kill investments in the sector if not reviewed





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Africa

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RETAILSECTOR

Key Macroeconomic Trends Impacting on Consumers

Global trend	Nigeria's Impact
Tough economy	•Tepid level of economic growth of 1.5% (Q2'18)
	•Relatively high level of inflation
	•Subdued domestic demand due to low disposable income
Political uncertainty	•Consumers are wary of rising political uncertainty in the build
	up to the 2019 election
Rising inequality	•Rising household inequality to impact on demand pattern
Millennial Impact	•Median age is 18.4 years
	•Over 60% of the population is below 24 years
Mobile technology	•Rising use of mobile technology and internet shopping, internet
	penetration of 32 per thousand
	•Increased threat to mortar and brick store
Urban Migration	•Increased rate of migration



Key Emerging Trends for Consumers

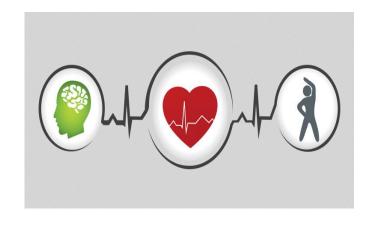


New urban mindset





Millennials reshaping the system



Wellness & health

The Changing Consumer World

- In a free market economy the consumer is king
- The consumer world is being transformed into a near perfect market
- Global retail sales volumes are estimated to grow at 2.6% annually (2018-2022)
- Sales volumes are \$20.2trn or 25.8% of global GDP
- Asia will be the leading region for global retail sales
- This is consistent with a shift in wealth and economic influence
- China and India will be the global leaders
- These 2 countries are Nigeria's leading trading partners

The Changing Consumer World

- India is Nigeria's largest export market with 32.6% of the total exports
- Amazon has now joined Apple as the only companies with market cap in excess of \$1trn
 - In SSA a modest economic recovery will help retail sales in 2018
 - Consumer led expansion among medium sized economies
- Emerging markets witnessed a frontier shift from BRICS to MINT
- But Nigeria and Turkey have suffered economic reverses, leading to market shrinkage

The Changing Consumer World

- e-commerce will continue to drive expansion
- Retail sales from e-commerce projected to hit \$4.5trn (17.5% of total global retail sales) by 2021



- China will continue to lead globally, online sales expected to account for 33.6% of total retail sales
- Overseas players find it difficult to succeed in China's e-commerce market





AVIATIONUPDATE

IATA

- Global airline share prices up by 4.8% in July
 - First monthly increase since January 2018
- Jet fuel prices declined below \$90pb in July



- Premium-class passengers accounted for 5.4% of total international O-D traffic between Jan-May
- Moderate decline in airline profitability in Q2'18
 - Reflecting higher fuel costs
- Divergent trend between passenger and freight load factors continues

Aviation Update

International Update

• Flash promotions across many airlines (British Airways, Delta, Air Cote d' Ivoire)



Etihad Airways launches low cost baggage-free option

KLM/Air France hires a new CEO, Benjamin Smith, a Canadian

- The first non-French citizen to do the job
- SkyTeam is the leading alliance out of Nigeria

Aviation Update

Regional Update

• Zambia to relaunch national airline at a cost of \$30 million



• Ownership structure: 45%- Ethiopian Airlines, 55%- Industrial Development Corporation Zambia

Domestic Update

- Passenger traffic declines by over 30% in H1 2018
- Air Peace receives second Boeing 777 aircraft
 - Launch of long-haul flights is expected





Real Estate Performance in Q2'18

- Sector contracted by -3.88% in Q2'18
 - Compared to -9.4% in Q1'18
- Sector has been feeling the pinch of lower private consumption and anti-corruption sweep
- Lag between economic recovery & market recovery to delay growth
- In some areas the market has recovered



Property Trends-Residential & Commercial 8





Slight improvements in vacancy rates in Lagos: Yaba (3%), Surulere (4%), Magodo Phase II (5%)

- High brow areas: Victoria Island (35%), Oniru (37%), Lekki (39%) and Ikoyi (40%)
 - Affordability remains a key issue
- Improved design and finishing features



- Grade-A office vacancy rates remain high
- Increased flexibility in pricing and terms
- More developments in the pipeline compared to H1 2017



Property Trends-Retail & Hospitality





- The Palms (0%) and Ikeja City Mall (2%) recorded the lowest vacancy rates
- Large-scale investments in the retail space by local high net worth individuals
- Events, entertainment and leisure features continue to pull traffic to larger malls

• Increased Asian infrastructure investment



 Increased demand for hotel accommodation and guesthouses







MPC to Meet September 24/25

Key considerations

П	110y Combiaciacian		
	Parameter	Comments	Outcome
FINANCIAL	Q2 GDP growth numbers	Flat lining, tepid consumption and low aggregate output	Supports the argument for a rate cut
	Inflation expectations	Upside risks are increasing: minimum wage review, budget disbursements, election spending	Supports the argument to maintain status quo or tighten further
	External balance	External reserves depletion, capital flight, currency weakness imminent	Supports the argument to maintain status quo or tighten further
	Credit to the private sector	Contracting, compared to CBN's target of 5.64%, banks are averse to lending due to high NPLs	Supports the argument for a rate cut
	Money supply growth	Still below CBN's target of 10.84%, tempered by sterilization via CRR, OMO, forex auctions. Threat of a demand-pull inflation is relatively subdued. Upside risks exist due to expansionary fiscal policy	Supports the argument to maintain status quo
	Unemployment/unde remployment rate	On the increase Calls to question the efficacy of the CBN's sectoral interventions	Supports the argument for a rate cut

Scenario 1- Maintain Status Quo 60% Probability

• MPR: 14%, CRR: 22.5%, LR: 30%, Asymmetric Corridor: +2%/-5%
Rationale

- Risks to macroeconomic and financial environment appear fairly balanced to support growth
- Further moderate inflation, which is still outside the 6%-9% target range

Impact

- High interest rates will continue to deter credit demand
- Consolidate gains of current monetary policy stance
- Contain inflationary pressures



Scenario 2- Interest Rate Cut- 30% Probability

• MPR: 13.5%, CRR: 22%, LR: 30%, Asymmetric corridor: +2%/-7%

Rationale

- Slowing GDP to 1.5% needs a boost
- Support growth
- Reduce government's debt service obligations
- Increase credit to private sector

Impact

- More resources freed up for spending
- Reduce NPL and strengthen asset quality
- Could exacerbate inflationary and exchange rate pressures
- Could reverse gains already made on reduced importation
- Increase pressure on the naira

FINANCIAL DERIVATIVES COMPANY

Scenario 3- Tighten Further- 10% Probability

• MPR: 14.5%, CRR: 22.5%, LR: 30%, Asymmetric corridor: +2%/-5%

Rationale

- To curtail inflationary pressures
- Curb capital flight and strengthen the naira
- In line with the IMF's recommendation in its Article IV review

Impact

- Weaken consumption
- Increase domestic cost of borrowing to investors
- Re-pricing of assets, further constricting credit to the real sector
- Rising NPLs





Which World Are We Living In?

- Realist world- the players change but the game remains
- Liberal world- the resilient order
- Tribal world- identity over ideology
- Marxist world- dialectical materialism
- Tech world- digital revolution
- Warming world- climate change



The Most Important Global Political Trends

The Realist World-Stephen Kotkin & the Tribal World

- Geopolitics never went away, history bends towards delusion
- Great power politics will drive events
- The Great Depression ended the earlier age of globalisation, started in the 19th century
- Today's competition between China and the US is a new twist on an old story
- In the 18th century, China was by far the world's largest economy controlling 40% of global GDP
- Then it went into decline, ravaged by war from within and without



The Realist World-Stephen Kotkin & the Tribal World

- The US was born and rose as China declined
- Both countries have dominated the world ever since
- To understand the world of tomorrow look back to yesterday
- In the 1970s the US and NATO were rich but disordered and stagnant
- The Soviet Union was military strong and was arming
- China was convulsed by internal turmoil and poverty
- India was poorer than China
- Brazil ruled by a military Junta
- South Africa was under apartheid



The Tribal World-Amy Chua

- The rise of economic tribalism
- Tribe denotes something primitive, backward and unsophisticated
- But it is now tearing at the fabric of liberal democracies in the developed world
- Mina Cikara, the Harvard psychologist, notes it as part of group identity
 - Especially true when one group fears or envies another and has a long history of rivalry
- The new dynamic of economic tribalism is the phenomenon of market dominant minorities
- Outsider ethnic minorities that hold vastly disproportionate amounts of a nation's wealth

The Tribal World - Amy Chua Vietnam

- Hoa of Vietnam Chinese minority
- Controlling 80% of the country's commerce & industry

Afghanistan

- Pashtun dominated economy for 200 years before the Taliban
- Iraq
- Sunnis dominated Iraq for one century
- Under the Ottoman Empire
- Leading to Saddam Hussein, a Sunni

USA

- Political tribalism is fracturing the US
- Where one tribe sees others as opposition, immortal and evil

The Tribal World-Amy Chua

Nigeria

- In Nigeria, the use of economic tribalism to complement political tribalism will play into the 2019 equation
- Variants of intolerant tribal populism are erupting all across Europe
- Brexit was a populist pushback against elites in London & Brussels
- The elite in Nigeria is an exclusive tribe of the gini-coefficient: 48.8
- The class tribe as against the ethnic tribe



The Politics of 2019

- Buhari's grip is strengthened by the bye-election results after losing a grip with the massive defections
- The NASS invasion was a black eye depicting weakness at the top
- The exit of Daura is a major setback
- In spite of the problems, Buhari seems an odds on favorite
- Opposition is too fragmented with very limited time
- The electoral map for 2019 is still fluid in spite of incumbency
- The Osun State election could be a litmus test for the South West where millennial game, the urban/rural dichotomy is vanishing
- The Ede/Ire boys want to take over Oshogbo



The Politics of 2019

- The image of the late Adeleke and sympathy vote could make the dancer competitive
- The PDP candidate has no political skills and may snatch a pyrrhic victory
- Buhari's adoption of direct primaries is a game changer
- Be careful what you wish for, you may get it
- A delegates primary process is easy to manage and control
- The direct primaries will forever undermine the governors
- The outcomes are totally unpredictable
- Buhari will get the APC ticket
- The PDP and allies is a close contest between Atiku, Kwankwaso and Tambuwal

The Politics of 2019

- The 2019 election will be more dependent on the VP choice even after the PDP primaries
- Their success will depend on the VP pick
- Osibanjo is a strong asset for team Buhari
- The outcome of the state direct primaries could erupt into an APC crisis and could inadvertently handover victory to the opposition
- APC seems to have a major management problem





September Outlook

- Headline inflation will come in at 11.15%
 - Marginally higher than July
- The CBN will maintain status quo again on interest rates
- External reserves will fall below \$45bn
- Oil production will increase back to 1.8mbpd in October



September Outlook

- Bonny light will fall back to \$70pb
- The stock market will fall further into correction territory
- APC will adopt Buhari & Osinbajo
- State direct primaries will be marred by violence and could breakdown
- The naira will fall marginally to N362/\$ in the parallel market





To eat is human to digest is divine

– Mark Twain



The two biggest sellers in a bookstore are the cook books and the diet books

The cook books tell you how to prepare the food and the diet books tell you how not to eat it.

- Andy Rooney





Its easier to get forgiveness than permission

- Murphy's law

There is something about a closet that makes a skeleton restless

- Anonymous





A woman talks to one man, looks at a second and thinks of a third
- Bhartrihari

Any girl can be glamorous, all you have to do is stand still and look stupid

- Hedy Lamarr





CORPORATE HUMOUR



A relationship is what happens between two people who are waiting for something better to come along

- Anonymous

Nothing matters very much and few things matter at all - *Arthur Balfour*







Middle age begins with the first mortgage and ends when you drop dead - Herb Caen

Idealism is what precedes experience; cynicism is what follows
- David Wolf







Ignorance is the mother of admiration

- George Chapman

Living with a conscience is like driving a car with the brakes on - Budd Schulberg







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