

The Big Rip-Off (Sura traders take customers to the cleaners)



Sura





Oyingbo



20% more

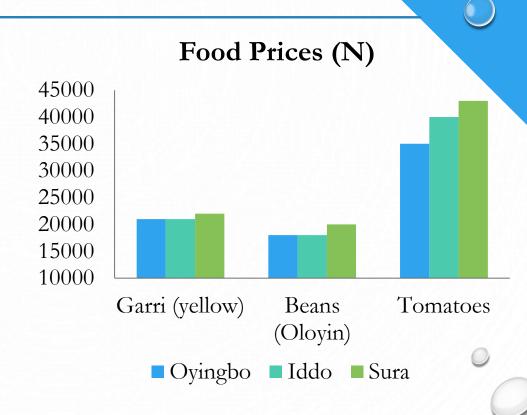
expensive



SURA IS 20% MORE EXPENSIVE THAN OYINGBO



- Garri 5%
- Beans 11%
- Tomatoes 23%



Price difference in tomatoes wider due to seasonality

REASONS FOR DISPARITY

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Ŭ		Sura	Oyingbo	
	Geographical location	Closer to Ikoyi, VI, Lekki	Yaba, Ebute Metta	
	Disparity in income	Rents are more expensiveFlat (avg) = N5mn	Rents are cheaperFlat (avg) = N1mn	
	Elasticity of Demand	Less price sensitive	More price sensitive	
	Logistics & transport costs	Additional cost of moving items to Sura	Landing point of agric commodities	

IS PRICE DISCRIMINATION SPECIFIC TO NIGERIA?

- Price discrimination is not Nigeria specific but a universal phenomenon
- It is a characteristic of imperfect markets
- Reasons include:
 - Different demand elasticity
 - Market segmentation







3rd Mainland Bridge Closure

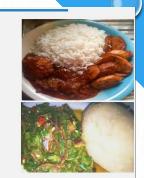
6 months from July 24th



IMPACT OF 3RD MAINLAND BRIDGE CLOSURE

- Disruptions in food supply
 - Traffic congestion as motorist use alternative routes
- Spike in food prices (15.18%)
 - In spite of the harvest season
- Reduction in average food consumption per person
 - As consumers rationalize their

- Average food requirements/person/day: 1.814kg (www.precisionnutrition.com)
- Population of Lagos: 22.5m (Lagos State Bureau of Statistics 2014)
- Total Food/day: 40,500,000kg



















OUTLOOK

- Price discrimination is here to stay
- It is a natural function of higher logistics costs and location
- Fuel costs will have direct impact on commodity prices
- Using diesel trucks is more efficient than petrol trucks
- In the end, price equilibrium is the ultimate goal



PANDEMIC IMPACT ON FOOD PRICES

Food Items	Jan'20	Jul'20	% change
Tomatoes (Big Basket)	8,000	35,000	337.5
Garri (Bag) Yellow	7,200	21,000	191.7
Yam 1 Tuber (Large)	800	2,000	150.0
Pepper (Big Basket)	6,000	15,000	150.0
Onion bulb (Big Bag)	15,000	30,000	100.0



